





Recidivism Work Group

Statute:

Find common definition of recidivism and develop recommendations for the reduction of recidivism in the juvenile justice system

Accomplished to date:

- 1. Common Definition
- 2. Identified reliable process for matching youth with subsequent criminal activity

University of New Haven

Recidivism Work Group

Next Steps:

- 1. Determine how to transfer Judicial data system to other agencies to ensure uniform capabilities
- 2. Develop coordinated approach for the use of data as a means of informing policy and practice
- 3. Recommend strategies to reduce recidivism

University of New Haven

Judicial Branch Presentation

Process for Recidivism Detection and Reporting

Brian Hill Director of Administration Judicial Branch Court Support Services Division

Overview

The Judicial Branch has been using a process for recidivism detection and reporting since 2006. This process has two main components:

- 1. Matching client cohorts to various criminal justice databases and retrieving data;
- 2. Identifying and classifying as recidivism the activities retrieved from these databases.

Match/Search Process

When a match is made, the process returns charge-level history on both juvenile referrals and adult arrests.

Below is an example of history returned by the process. Adult records are in gray. Notice that the 4/13/2014 arrest includes 14-218a (an infraction), but was charged in conjunction with 14-215 (a class C misdemeanor).

Туре	Arrest Date	Statute	Statute Text	Offense Date	Verdict	Verdict Date	Jail	Suspended	Effective	Probation
Juvenile	5/2/2010	53a-181	BREACH OF PEACE 2ND DEG	5/2/2010	J DEL-NOLLE	8/8/2010	0	0	o	o
Juvenile	9/7/2010	53a-124	LARCENY 3RD DEG	9/7/2010	CONV-PROBATION	4/29/2011	0	0	0	92
Juvenile	5/3/2011	53a-181	BREACH OF PEACE 2ND DEG	5/3/2011	J DEL-NOLLE	6/24/2011	0	0	o	o
Juvenile	5/3/2011	53a-167a	INTERFERE WITH OFFCR/ RESISTING	5/3/2011	J DEL-NOLLE	6/24/2011	0	0	o	o
Juvenile	5/3/2011	46b-120(5(Biv	VIOLATION PROBATION WHILE 16YR	5/3/2011	J DEL-NOLLE	6/24/2011	0	0	o	0
Adult	12/20/2011	53a-182	DISORDERLY CONDUCT	12/20/2011	Dismissed	4/18/2012	0	0	0	0
Adult	5/24/2012	53a-60	ASSAULT 2ND DEG	5/24/2012	Guilty	8/23/2012	730	730	0	730
Adult	4/13/2014	14-215	ILL OPN MV UNDER SUSPENSION	4/13/2014	Nolle	4/27/2014	0	o	o	o
Adult	4/13/2014	14-218a	TRAVELING UNREASONABLY FAST	4/13/2014	Nolle	4/27/2014	0	0	o	0
Adult	5/18/2014	14-224(b)*	EVADE RESP-PROP DAMAGE/INJURY	5/18/2014	Nolle	5/30/2014	0	0	o	0

Successes

- The match process maintains a success rate of 95.9% on cohorts where a match is expected
- Process has not been significantly modified since 2006

 Satisfies needs of research and operations
 - No change means no re-calculation of reported data
- Results have been instrumental in numerous research
 efforts

Factors to consider

- During JJPOC implementation:

 Identifying and documenting the criteria for the various types of recidivism measurements
 - Transfer of data between agencies
 - Implications of diversionary dismissal on Adult charges on any conviction measurement

• During cohort selection:

- Ensuring uniform exposure periods
- Providing all available identifiers
- Considering the data quality of the identifiers



Goals Work Group

Statute:

Develop short, medium and long term goals for the juvenile justice system after the review of "relevant" reports and plans

Accomplished to date:

- 1. Completed the review of reports and plans
- 2. Obtained input from the work groups
- 3. Identified 5 Strategic Goals

University of New Haven



Goal Statement: Diversion

Goal #1:

To increase the diversion of youth from the juvenile justice system and for court-involved youth at all points in the juvenile justice system in order to reduce the systemic impact of stigma and to reduce recidivism.

University of New Haven

Goal Statement: Education

Goal #2:

To increase the educational achievement of youth in the juvenile justice system by addressing their unique needs in order to improve opportunities for successful transition into adulthood and reduce recidivism.

University of New Haven

Goal Statement: Treatment

Goal #3:

To improve access to appropriate and quality treatment, intervention and support services, including mental health and substance abuse treatment, for youth in the juvenile justice system in order to enhance well-being, improve family dynamics, and reduce recidivism.

University of New Haven

Goal Statement: Disproportionate Minority Contact Goal #4: To reduce disproportionate minority contact at all phases of the juvenile justice system in order

all phases of the juvenile justice system in order to ensure fairness and equality in juvenile justice process, treatment programs and services, and community response.

University of New Haven

Goal Statement: Data

Goal #5:

To increase the timely and efficient collection, sharing, and analysis of data among all public and private agencies involved in and with the juvenile justice system in order to ensure effective service delivery to juveniles and their families and to improve policy and practice.

University of New Haven

18





















Raise the Age Research Conclusions to date: Average age increased slightly more than one year between 2006 and present. The same four types of offenses make up approximately ¼ of all offenses for youth in the system both before and after RtA. Total arrests of juveniles has decreased by over 20% (2006-2014).









Law Enforcement Work Group

Next Steps:

- 1. Increase the number of police on the Work Group
- 2. Research "Juvenile Justice Leadership Institute" for Police

4. Research efficacy of "community

- 3. Identify curriculum in cooperation with police
 - University of New Haven

conversations" between youth and police



